

Exhibit B

POLICY ON TRANSFER OF SPONSORSHIP OF REGISTRATIONS BETWEEN REGISTRARS

A. Holder-Authorized Transfers.

Registrar Requirements.

The registration agreement between each Registrar and its Registered Name Holder shall include a provision explaining that a Registered Name Holder will be prohibited from changing its Registrar during the first 60 days after initial registration of the domain name with the Registrar. Beginning on the 61st day after the initial registration with the Registrar, the procedures for change in sponsoring registrar set forth in this policy shall apply. Enforcement shall be the responsibility of the Registrar sponsoring the domain name registration.

For each instance where a Registered Name Holder wants to change its Registrar for an existing domain name (i.e., a domain name that appears in a particular country-code-top-level domain zone file), the gaining Registrar shall:

- 1) Obtain express authorization from an individual who has the apparent authority to legally bind the Registered Name Holder (as reflected in the database of the losing Registrar).
 - a) The form of the authorization is at the discretion of each gaining Registrar.
 - b) The gaining Registrar shall retain a record of reliable evidence of the authorization.
- 2) In those instances when the Registrar of record is being changed simultaneously with a transfer of a domain name from one party to another, the gaining Registrar shall also obtain appropriate authorization for the transfer. Such authorization shall include, but not be limited to, one of the following:
 - a) A bilateral agreement between the parties.
 - b) The final determination of a binding dispute resolution body.
 - c) A court order.
- 3) Request, by the transmission of a "transfer" command as specified in the Registrar Tool Kit, that the Registry database be changed to reflect the new Registrar.

a) Transmission of a "transfer" command constitutes a representation on the part of the gaining Registrar that:

- (1) the requisite authorization has been obtained from the Registered Name Holder listed in the database of the losing Registrar, and
- (2) the losing Registrar will be provided with a copy of the authorization if and when requested.

In those instances when the Registrar of record denies the requested change of Registrar, the Registrar of record shall notify the prospective gaining Registrar that the request was denied and the reason for the denial.

Instances when the requested change of sponsoring Registrar may be denied include, but are not limited to:

- 1) Situations described in the Domain Name Dispute Resolution Policy.
- 2) A pending bankruptcy of the Registered Name Holder.
- 3) Dispute over the identity of the Registered Name Holder.
- 4) Request to transfer sponsorship occurs within the first 60 days after the initial registration with the Registrar.

In all cases, the losing Registrar shall respond to the e-mail notice regarding the "transfer" request within five (5) days. Failure to respond will result in a default "approval" of the "transfer."

Registry Requirements.

Upon receipt of the "transfer" command from the gaining Registrar, Registry Operator will have a transfer request available for the losing Registrar, that can electronically query these transfer requests using the API Software.

Registry Operator shall complete the "transfer" if either:

- 1) the losing Registrar expressly "approves" the request, or
- 2) Registry Operator does not receive a response from the losing Registrar within five (5) days.

When the Registry's database has been updated to reflect the change to the gaining Registrar, Registry Operator will transmit an email notification to both Registrars.

Records of Registration.

Each Registered Name Holder shall maintain its own records appropriate to document and prove the initial domain name registration date, regardless of the number of Registrars with which the Registered Name Holder enters into a contract for registration services.

Effect on Term of Registration.

The completion by Registry Operator of a holder-authorized transfer under this Part A shall result in a one-year extension of the existing registration, provided that in no event shall the total unexpired term of a registration exceed nine (9) years.

B. Approved Transfers.

Transfer of the sponsorship of all the registrations sponsored by one registrar as the result of acquisition of that Registrar or its assets by another Registrar may be made according to the following procedure:

- a) The gaining Registrar must be accredited by ICANN for the Registry ccTLD and must have in effect a Registry-Registrar Agreement with Registry Operator for the Registry ccTLD.
- b) Registry Operator must agree in writing that the transfer would promote the community interest, such as the interest in stability that may be threatened by the actual or imminent business failure of a Registrar.

Upon satisfaction of these two conditions, Registry Operator will make the necessary one-time changes in the registry database for no charge, for transfers involving 50,000 name registrations or fewer. If the transfer involves registrations of more than 50,000 names, Registry Operator will charge the gaining registrar a one-time flat fee of 65,000 YTL.